The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIV. THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1884—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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The discount is taken from our regular prices on all cash Clothing Sales.

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AN UNEXPECTED FAILURE

The New York Loan Firm of Grant, Ward & Co. Makes an Assignment.

Their Liabilities Placed at Over a Million—An Estimate of the Assets.

Fruitless Meeting of Indianapolis & St. L. Bondholders in Chicago—Receiver Appointed.

LOYAL REPUBLICANS.

The Solid Men of New York and Brooklyn Unanimously for Blaine and Logan.

Further Unbroken Extracts from the Eloquent Speech of William M. Evarts.

Senator Hoar's Winning Reminiscences of the Harvard College Fledgeling's Maiden Effort at Stump Speaking.

NEW YORK CITY.

WILLIAM M. EVARTS.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Teachers Still Arriving in Madison, Wis.—Preliminary Meetings Held—Plans for the Future.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS

The Minister Sargent Tells How He Incurred the Displeasure of Denmark.

The Eighteen Post Roads Voted to Circulate the Washington Economy —A Bill Stretcher.

Effects of the Duty Assayed by the Arrival of Commodore Dyer by the Steamer Chemin.

SUNDAYS AND LABORERS.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Washington, D. C., July 16.—[Special.]—The decision to-day of Secretary Lincoln in the matter of the removal from office of Charles Hall, who was removed from Postmaster-ship of Evanston and the appointment of Frederick Gilbert, who was appointed to the office of Hall, on the ground that Hall was not a resident of Evanston, and that Gilbert was, is the first decision of the Administration in the matter of the enforcement of the Sunday law. The Secretary of the Treasury has been appealed to by many citizens of Evanston to remove Hall, who is a saloon-keeper, and appoint Gilbert, who is a prominent member of the Methodist Church, and who has been active in

THE CAMPAIGN.

Prominent Democrats in New Jersey to Open Revolt—Executive Temperament.

Reform Laboring-Men Declare Against Cleveland—Low York Southern Organizing.

Ben Butler to Start in the Tenth Illinois District—The Republican Letter Subscription.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES
ARE RECEIVED TO-DAY FROM]

Washington, D. C., July 16.—[Special.]—The Democrats of Passaic and the Democratic leaders of the Legislature which are basically opposed to them. James Doherty, a prominent local citizen of this city and the head of several leading labor organizations, is out in a letter opposing Cleveland and supporting Blaine. So many Democrats have declared for Blaine and Logan and throughout the State, and Republicans who are dissatisfied with the Democratic ticket and will not support it, during other things in the letter Mr. Doherty writes as follows:

[illegible]

That widely Cleveland's defection the most startling to the Democrats of the Republican party of New Jersey, growing out of the fact that Cleveland has been the choice of the Democratic leaders of the State for the Presidency, and the Democratic Legislature, which is now in session, has been counting on the support of Governor Cleveland in the event of his election to the Presidency. The Democratic leaders in the Legislature, who have been counting on the support of Governor Cleveland in the event of his election to the Presidency, have

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1895.

A NEW STORY BY HENRY JAMES.

We shall begin Sunday next the publication of "Georgina's Reasons," a new and interesting story by Mr. Henry James. It will appear in the same issue in the New York Sun, the Philadelphia Times, the Cincinnati Enquirer, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the San Francisco Chronicle, the Times-Democrat of New Orleans, the Evening Star of Washington, and the Springfield Republican. It will be divided into three parts, and will occupy three columns in each publication.

BLAINE AND LOGAN VOTING.

The attention of members of Blaine and Logan clubs is directed to THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE Tokens, which will be a useful convenience to them inside to promote the cause that all have at heart.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is confident it will be better the rest of the fifty years. Five cents will be due to our patrons until after the election for $1, or larger orders at the same rate.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will be an record of facts and arguments for supporters of Blaine and Logan during this campaign. It will contain no matter of interest to Democrats. While it will expel every attack that the candidacy of an honest boy statesman to regard falsehood and forgery as legitimate weapons to political controversy does occur, it will also provide the material for honorable and legitimate replies.

Political news of the day will be presented with the utmost fullness. There will be a variety of miscellaneous reading for the family circle, the current commercial and financial reports of THE TRIBUNE will be printed as usual, and in all respects the high character of THE TRIBUNE as a newspaper will be maintained.

Orders should be addressed to THE TRIBUNE Company, Chicago, Ill.

It is reported that a panic shakes has appeared at Alexandria, Egypt.

Antarctic fisheries are receiving the attending fashion fine, at Quebec.

It is reported that 10,000 of the Shah's followers are marching on Zenjeln.

Panama, the Chief of the Isle Antaeira fame, has been sent to jail on a serious charge.

Peary, the Premier of New Zealand, has resigned. He will be succeeded by W. J. Pinkley. Both are Liberals.

Warrants for the payment of previous appropriations $6,000,000 were issued by the Treasury Department yesterday.

THE SOUTHWESTERN Independents have chosen fifty-two delegates to the National Conference to be held in New York the 23d inst.

Severest weather was recently reported yesterday by the eclipse of a shadow cast at the corner of Washington boulevard and Curtis street.

EDWARD LAUTERBACH & CO., bankers, of New York, failed yesterday. The liabilities are estimated at $1,000,000. The value of the assets is not fully known.

A MEETING of citizens to make arrangements for a reception to Gen. Logan on the occasion of his return here from Washington was held yesterday at the Grand Pacific Hotel.

ITS MORNING EDITION until yesterday that the efforts made by him to protect the open American citizens in their rights accounted for the hostile attitude assumed by Denmark.

A DISPATCH of the Sun of Suez, Emil J. Dooley, of New York, telegraphic letter an emphatic denial of the report that he knew it to be infectious. The report was rather widely circulated in Chicago.

J. M. ALLEN has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Fifth Mississippi district, now represented by Gen. Frederick Stone. D. E. Sullivan has been nominated by the Democrats in the Chattanooga district. Gen. Clarkson, who is running independent, will have Republican support.

TEXAS HAS fifty-two deaths from cholera at Galveston yesterday. The total number of deaths since the outbreak of the epidemic in that city is 878. At Corpus Christi there were twenty-two deaths Tuesday night.

CHINESE have been issued by the Japanese Government for the arrest of Koreans who assassinated Queen Min, and for the return of the murderers to Japan.

STEAMERS leaving the ocean-ore conference and drivers of Chicago believe that fifty-50 per cent of them will vote for Blaine and Logan. Cleveland is unpopular with them on account of his veto of the Anderson bill and his energetic methods.

ON THE 20th inst. before the Republican Convention of the Tenth Illinois District nominations Julius S. Starr, of Peoria, for Congress yesterday. The contest narrowed down finally to Mr. Starr and Gen. Cole, of Galesburg, and was close and exciting.

IN the opening of a contest on the Illinois River at Henry yesterday afternoon the Rev. L. O. Thompson, the Presbyterian clergyman at that place, hit one, a boy of 12, and a son of Dr. Sidney, of Bodine, N. Y., who was on a visit to them, was drowned.

IN A letter to L. P. Ahlman, editor of the Swedish newspaper's paper of this city, Patrick Egan, of the Post World, says that the nomination of Cleveland is "an insult and a defiance to American labor." Mr. Egan says that he will support Blaine and Logan.

TWENTY-FIVE persons were killed and forty seriously injured by a railroad accident yesterday on the Manchester & Sheffield Railroad, near Penistone, England, owing to the buckling of an axle on the train passing the track and fall through a bridge.

GEN. MARKETT, the American Consul at London, has been appointed a physician to American vessels sailing from that port to the United States for the purpose of ascertaining their sanitary condition so as to be able to report immediately to the authorities at this city.

IN THE circular which the National Republican Committee has issued asking for contributions to the campaign funds it is explicitly stated that the committee intends to exert no influence in conformity with the act against the assessment of Government employés.

DR. CHARLES CUTTER, of Boise, has declared for Blaine. He will make addresses in California in favor of the Republican ticket. Mr. Black was elected to Congress from one of the Boise districts in 1892, defeating Eugene Sale. His opposition to Cleveland is serious.

MR. EDWARD CUSHING, the noted lawyer, has retained to his old home at Pittsburg. In an interview he stated that there was no truth in the report that he and Mr. Henry, M. P., his partner in the publication of half a dozen one-cent evening papers in England, had quarreled.

IT IS reported by way of Jamaica that the Cuban insurgents under Agramonte attacked two Spanish fortified towns near the Spanish troops recently. The Captain-General has summoned a council of officers to agree on a concerted plan against the rebels. The Government troops are said to be demoralized.

IT IS probable that ex-Senator Wallace, of Pennsylvania, better known as "Colleague Bill" Wallace, will be made Chairman of the National Democratic Committee. Gorman and others do not desire to take the responsibility. No promises, however, to cooperate with the Chairman.

REP. GEORGE W. GINES, of Bergen County, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fifth Indiana District. The present representative, Mr. Matson, who has been renominated, is a Democrat, and was elected in 1892 by over 5,000 majority. The Republicans expect to reduce this or wipe it out altogether.

THE TREASURY Department at Washington has been informed that a case of typhus rage has been sent from Liverpool to Canada, to be forwarded from the latter place to this country. The case may prevent infectious diseases. It is said that many cargoes of a similar description have already been sent into this country by way of Canada.

THE CHICAGO produce markets were rather weak yesterday morning, but recovered later, grain being very strong because of an active demand for cash. An unsigned with Tuesday, grain and meats closed a shade lower, lard 2 cents higher, wheat and oats 1 cent higher, corn 1 cent higher, and rye 1½ cent higher, while barley was easier.

LAURENCE GRONLUND of Chicago, including the editors of the two Swedish papers published here, say that the Swedish-American vote this fall will be practically solid for Blaine and Logan, and the typically for Cleveland. Mr. A. G. Lundberg, editor of Kvartalskrift, goes so far as to say that there are only seven Swedes in Chicago who will vote for Cleveland.

REPUBLICAN EXPERTS of the Anti-Monopoly Committee, says Ben Butler will certainly be a Presidential candidate in November. Butler's name is to blind that Butler may carry Michigan, and that the election to congress will be thrown into the House of Representatives, in which case, if Ben Butler did not win, he might name the winning man.

MAYOR STRONG, of New York, began an investigation into the charges made by Mrs. Elias Asher Comen, a newspaper correspondent, that several keepers of intelligence offices were in the habit of procuring girls for houses of prostitution. Mrs. Comen was present at the investigation and said she was prepared to substantiate her charges. The police charged against their accusers.

GOV. ABBETT, of New Jersey, said after the nomination of Cleveland in Chicago that he could not possibly be elected—that he could not carry his own State. Joseph P. Dolan, a fellow Jersey Democrat, also proposed the statement to a French paper, which holds that to call the nomination, Dolan holds that he did, and he is backed up by several persons who heard Abbett use the expression.

DISPATCHES from the French Ambassador to Spain, the Brazilian Ambassador, and other diplomats and the French Consul visited Cuenca, a Spanish town. While the French Ambassador was paying his respects to Queen Isabella, the party went for a short call to a French widow. When they returned, the Spanish officers not bringing them, ordered quarantine against them and would not permit them to land. The diplomats became angry, but the Spanish officers remained obdurate. The entire ball is present to another port at land to passengers. The French and Brazilian Ministers have telegraphed complaints to the Spanish Government.

JUDGE CONNOR, a prominent local lawyer of Yankton, S. D., who has hitherto acted with the Democratic party, but who sympathizes the Alliance to vote for Blaine, puts the difference between the two candidates tersely and eloquently. "Blaine," he says, "stands before you in the sunlight; you can read him as a sermon. His subsequent life on Grover Cleveland, a veiled in white, draped in obscurity, and consequently assumable more dim."

A WOMAN who keeps a saloon at Bedford, Ind., continued to sell liquor contrary to the prohibitory law. She was arrested the other day and gave bonds, but not before she had sold a quantity of liquor. The Sheriff attempted to arrest her yesterday. She resisted, hurling two revolvers at him, after he had seized assistance to accompany him to the jail, but the people threatening to rescue if force she was required. The accused's substance is said to be indigent by a local lawyer.

THE JOHN HAY has taken out to a shining ocean, which will be found in southern waters, in honor of Mr. Blaine. He says Mr. Blaine's present statesmen will begin a new term now for their nomination and most assist an election time. The Ship was christened Harrison by Mrs. Harrison, wife of the Secretary of State under Mr. Evarts, and the ship's name is to be a guidance to judge as recently Mr. Blaine's foreign policy. It meets with the entire approval of both, and hence their very eloquent indorsement of Mr. Blaine's speechmakers.

ADVICES to the late hour yesterday morning at which the reports of the great States and Legal certificates meetings at New York and Kansas reached THE TRIBUNE office put a climax could be given to the issue of yesterday. The growing yesterday's report is supplemented. The principal passages of the speeches of Mr. Evarts (New York), Gen. Robinson, and Senator Hoar at Boston, and of ex-Secretary Evarts, Senator Sherman, and others at New York, will be found in our telegraphic columns.

D. W. LOVE, one of the private secretary of the brother of the Wyatt brothers, of Chicago, near Devil's Lake, Dak., was expelled at Grand Forks yesterday. Great indignation was manifested by the people of Grand Forks on the announcement of the verdict. H. J. Caldwell, one of the jurors, has been arrested for perjury in swearing that he could sit the case impartially. It is charged that he justified the killing of the Wyatt brothers before the commencement of the jury, saying: "It served them right."

IN THE speech at Boston Monday night Senator Hoar said the reports to Cleveland Blind or Harvard and "the gentle breasts of Cambridge," whose spite and "consequences which was not a thought of the like, but was not fatal to a fair landscape or a healthy business. These men, he said, had brought American young men to be educated at the history of their country. They say that since the War there has been no time when a young man here has not to wait how he could serve his country. The Harvard Professor Shaler declares before the War and during the War. The men whose lives are now eager to prove they are worth, simple, and unpleasant when they have been to public life, do they much their benefactors, Senator Hoar said, they should write over it the quotation, "The future shows the greatest and to hold its opinions." He also praised and the benevolence of those universities as Harvard who are going to join hands with the men who manufacture Problems, who are equal to whatever the party which sends the Chief Executive may present."

THE ANNUAL meeting of the Chicago Literary Club was held last night, when Prof. Richard Green Moulton read a paper on "Shakespeare and Modern Criticism." Among those present were Judge Grosscup, Senator Pugh, and others addressed the great event to the people who could not gain admission. It is admirable also that the audience does not respond to large part of young men's clubs, ethnic organized and to good working order. Miss Gardiner of all was the social entertainment with which Mr. Evarts entertained his relatives to support Mr. Blaine. Mr. Evarts was Mr. Blaine's predecessor in the State Department. It is not natural, therefore, that he should have watched Mr. Blaine's administration with close interest and given it eager study and investigation, especially as far as the foreign policy was concerned. When, therefore, we find him saying:

"But one of three that he is a natural born and bright the something has been put on his bright with a broken frame. He has no ability, under age, and who should a man be expected to walk in many directions, but he lingering."

It is proof positive that he thoroughly indorses it. Mr. Evarts is not an impulsive man. He is cool, calm, and conservative, and would not call the attention to any movement that did not command itself to his better judgment after a cool and calm investigation of it. There will not be much comfort in the speech to the New York Chamber of the Confederacy, who have been reporting that Mr. Evarts would eventually join the movement and identify himself with their movement.

The meeting in Boston was even larger than that in New York, and even there have a factor in the Harvard College students, and others from its vicinity from the pleasure of such eminent gentlemen as Senator Hoar, Gov. Robinson, ex-Gov. Long, Henry Cabot Lodge, Senator Chandler, Representative Dalzell, and others, who refer to the convention had enthusiastically supported Edwards, and are now supporting Blaine and Logan with equal enthusiasm. The Senator Stewart Tenpin was not very well, but the speaker had attached to it, and his being healthful to demonstrate the sound a first measure meeting was conducted in the streets. It was a magnificent opening of the campaign, and shows that the Old Bay State in November will not be behind Republican majority. To the Independents it must have been out of their "surprise" of which they spoke so likely to happen this year, and a panic from this Democratic which connected with the greatest victories Republicanism of Massachusetts. The first gone of the reaction in these two States have been taken and their report is definite. It shows that the Republicans of these States are in better array and prepared to have the fighting and drive the Democrats and their Populist allies to the extremities, on which the States may still be placed next November.

A QUESTION OF FOREIGN POLICY.

Before the meeting of the late Democratic Convention there were published indications of a purpose to make upon Blaine's "foreign policy" as a basis for working up opposition to his election. The Republican orators of every political kind were deprived in by particular dense upon this issue, and Speech after to be made to the Indiana Democrats to defeat the election of a man who would inaugurate an aggressive policy in dealing with foreign Powers and thereby threaten the country's peace and prosperity to that extended measure of a foreign war. Some dark talk to this effect unanimously, and some of the early Union newspapers seized to it as if the charge was not new to them. Even in the Democratic foreign policy in the campaign when the Democrats have taken Blaine's plan almost bodily from the Republican platform.

The Democrats gave force a point which their party of true campaigning statesmen with foreign nations and would give the right to accept their foreign service their subjects have accepting a position under a native power under penal and such acts of Congress but especially with those of the Western Democrats.

The whole question was recognized as an exceedingly very hasty Mr. Blaine's conception of the foreign policy which our Government ought to adopt. Did the Democratic Convention take issue with it? On the contrary, the Democratic resolution on the same subject is:

We favor an energetic, continuous policy based upon a firm, national consistent and patient adherence with the views upon the principles of duty, honor, and high standing, but managing whenever with ease.

The Democratic resolution is simply a paraphrase of the Republican. The Democrats demand for the maintenance of the navy, the protection of citizens, "in all lawful and international, at home and abroad," and other expressions of the platform on which Cleveland has been nominated make it substantially the same as the Blaine platform. Now, then, is the Independent ordained to get to antagonize Blaine and his platform on account of Blaine's foreign policy by supporting Cleveland on practically the same platform? How can the "Independent" and Democrats to be accused against Blaine on the ground that his foreign policy is dangerous when Cleveland is put forward with a policy almost exactly imagined? The Democrats date Blaine's domain, but in advocating it they seem to have taken the guard-of-any gates Independents and of water. "Foreign policy" is a weapon that cannot be used against Blaine in favor of Cleveland, or, if used, it will prove to be a boomerang.

But there is one important difference between the two candidates and their platforms relating to a foreign policy. Blaine has had the mental breadth to conceive and the courage and patriotism to promulgate the American continental policy, and its administration will profession to the country the immediate peace and increased regard which accompany a firm and dignified assertion of the Nation's rights. The way to attain national peace is not by cowardly, truckling to the Powers of Europe, as Mr. Evarts in his New York speech, "is not by asserting America's equal sovereignty, but by degrading it." With Blaine as President the influence of the Administration will be outspoken, manly, and self-respecting. He will work out his policy for the protection of the commercial and political interests of the country. How will Cleveland handle the same policy as declared by the Democratic Convention? In our opinion, the executive capacity has never been tested. He has no record to speak for him. The Democratic cry is to imitate Blaine's American policy, but, if that is what the American people want, they will trust Blaine rather than an untried man. If they are opposed to such a policy, the Democratic party offers no alternative except a vague platform which is a question of policy, a pure pose to a rhetorical play. Then, we never would dream that the American people would be deceived at an election policy; but, if there was any, the Democrats have insulted their independent allies of their assembly issue by adopting Blaine's policy. It is a pity they had not a man like Blaine to plead upon Blaine's platform.

HOW TO PROTECT CHOLERA.

The existence of cholera in Cadiz, Marseilles, and other French towns, is pronounced to a greater or lesser extent in some parts of Italy, Germany, and Russia, and its rapid spread on the Continent by thousands of fugitives are collected warnings that in spite of all precautions it may slip across the seas and to at our quarantine before we are aware. Secretary Hamilton, for more of look, has acted promptly and entitled American Consuls that passengers for the United States must have medical examination before embarking, and that such must be used by ports where they sailed for this country is suspended of serving the necessary notice; but precautions these precautions the disease may come here, as it often breaks out on shipboard in midocean, though no signs of it were apparent when the vessel started.

It is the right of City, therefore, to assume that nothing has been left undone on the part of the Federal authorities to protect the country from the ravages of cholera. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued orders and instructions, which, if carried out, will prevent the introduction of the disease into the United States. But the responsibility does not rest entirely with the Federal authorities. The State and municipal authorities must also do their duty. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued orders and instructions, which, if carried out, will prevent the introduction of the disease into the United States. But the responsibility does not rest entirely with the Federal authorities. The State and municipal authorities must also do their duty. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued orders and instructions, which, if carried out, will prevent the introduction of the disease into the United States. But the responsibility does not rest entirely with the Federal authorities. The State and municipal authorities must also do their duty.

In addition to these general precautions by Congress every household doctors of health, sick or dirt and water that brighten to open their doors, with plenty of fresh water; guidelines for avoiding heaps of refuse and dwellings; the cleansing and washing of sewers and drains; the ventilating and disinfecting (by fires, if necessary) of crowded tenements; house-to-house inspection; the removal of the sick to hospitals; the burial of the dead in short intervals; and the dissolution of clubs and meetings. Dr. Bell-Cleaves does his article with the following timely suggestions:

A word to repeat that what is proposed cannot possibly be done in a day, week or month. Such an organization should commence operations at once and continue them until the danger is past. Then would be a supervision needed, and it would be a supervision vigilant, persistent, and thorough. The physician and sanitary inspector would be constantly on the alert, and would have the power to enforce their orders. They would be a supervision vigilant, persistent, and thorough. The physician and sanitary inspector would be constantly on the alert, and would have the power to enforce their orders.

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CHINESE LABOR LAWS.

The problem of "Chinese cheap labor" has been presented to the people of San Francisco within a few days in a new shape, and one hardly less interesting than to the lawyers gone to attack. But the case is a test. The Anti-Monopolists of the City of San Francisco came to the determination some months ago for various reasons to replace their Chinese workmen by white labor. In the manufacture of cigars domestic quarrel with a Japanese school was started in both white boys and girls who needed employment. A week ago the first class was graduated, consisting of seventy pupils, who had acquired from suggestions instruction the art of cigarmaking. These seventy graduates at once found employment with the leading manufacturers.

There are not less than 5,000 Chinese cigarmakers in San Francisco out of employment, and they are crazed enough to foresee the result if the manufacturers are allowed to continue the policy of educating a new class of cheap Chinese competitors to take their places. Consequently they have declared war on the industrial school and all its graduates. At a meeting of the Chinese Consolidated Trade the other day it was resolved that at the first moment of showing activity to instruct the Chinese workmen these duties and refuse to make cigars until the unemployed displaced all the white graduates of the industrial school to their vicinity. The strike is delayed because the condition of the trade is such that the manufacturers who have a large stock on hand would rather have a strike then and at the present time.

So far as we have observed, this is the first instance of a collision between labor and the industrial school. It is a singular, almost a funny, thing that a Chinese cooly union should have had to do the responsible conflict. Industrial schools are being started all over the country to refer to teach trades and manual skill to those American youth to whom the union does entrance into the trades. They have another purpose hardly less important. That is, to provide a class of workingmen who will have the intelligence, of every day foreign opinions who demanded our labor organizations often seem to be destitute, to understand that the workingmen have more even, more or less than their employers in the stability and prosperity of the industries of the country, and that they can not be enriched by a policy of restriction and oppression and enmity.

The Southern Citizen, who bids to the chief guests of the Intercontinental Cup a duck to visit, must have the credit of being the first to set the target with which professors are threatened by the industrial school of invention. From their present development the foreign workingmen who refuse to let apprentices learn a trade and stay will not allow a man by their side who is not a member of their union must resist the progress of the industrial school. Based on reform is the alternative before them; and they are not likely to adopt until they are compelled to do so. There are flourishing schools of bricklaying, plumbing, painting, carpentry, and other trades in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and other cities. If the trade unions of the country are going to follow the example of the Chinese cigarmakers of San Francisco and declare war on these schools of industry, they need to act promptly and vig to the end the movement in favor of technical education may have an opportunity to become skilled artisans.

THE cable brings the significant news that the Chinese Government has refused the French demand for the withdrawal of it troops from the Tonquin frontier and for the payment of the indemnity for the attack upon the French troops at Langson. This looks as if the tension between the two Powers were inevitable, but the time selected by France to force her compliance with her terms does not appear well calculated to secure success. The Chinese troops are said to be massing on the frontier, and a great deal may happen in a couple of days. If the Chinese remain in their strongest hold, or if they have given the French to understand that they have made a bluff and that reply, the game of the French fleet will soon be found lamentably flimsy.

Cleveland's Biographer.

New York Post (Dem.): He made a good church, no doubt.

Cleveland Is.

New York Tribune (Rep.): He is a small man compared to the two names.

Grant gold silver gained not the following personal endorsement of Cleveland to regard to Presidential candidates:

[illegible]

The Cleveland boom never seems to get a start. Its managers are not going to close any more doors, and they are not going to close any more doors. Every village and hamlet in the Republic will have its Republican club and its flag, and every one of them will work.

The Cleveland boom never seems to get a start. Its managers are not going to close any more doors, and they are not going to close any more doors. Every village and hamlet in the Republic will have its Republican club and its flag, and every one of them will work.

Cleveland is a "great leader," say one and all the people of Buffalo didn't quarrel over that "fact." Cleveland gave up the position of "one of the best" to become a county sheriff or a reformed editor. Even, on the average Chicago Democrat would stand no such use of a Chicago editor who should give up the position to that post to become sheriff of Cook County and a liberal reformer. Would a good man be the one elected a "great" or even a "the latest" Would such men as Greeley, Dana, Bowles, Evans, Medill, or Dole give up their influential position to become sheriff for two years? Neither Cleveland's "greatness" as a leader or as a man with the "greatness" as a reformer.

The only enthusiastic class of people for Cleveland are the Democratic editors, who, their heads promised to the for running the editorial mill. They sit and fear but what the mill is their material, as there would have to be a mill to run. They dream that they are the engineers, the chosen few, the men who will run the machine and control and that they had the right of using their old machine to their own ends. They can not see that the mill is the property of the people, and that they had the right of using their old machine to their own ends. They can not see that the mill is the property of the people, and that they had the right of using their old machine to their own ends.

Cleveland is probably the only man who has ever had the distinguished honor of voting for himself for President. Governor was a delegate-at-large from Indiana. He was voting with the other Indiana delegates when Governor Hendricks arose in the Democratic Convention and moved the nomination of Cleveland by acclamation. Governor Cleveland arose and said: "I cannot refuse one of the unanimous request of the delegation of which I am a member in the nomination of Governor Cleveland by acclamation." It appears that Governor Cleveland voted for himself.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE'S Washington dispatches were unusually interesting yesterday. The most important was that Secretary Carlisle had decided that the Government could not issue bonds to meet the deficiency in the revenue. Other dispatches were to the effect that Secretary Gresham had declined the Mexican mission, and that Secretary Herbert had declined the Spanish mission. Secretary Gresham's decision was not unexpected, but that of Secretary Herbert was a surprise.

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FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

Particulars of the Plot to Murder the Chinese Emperor Last September.

Ready Praised by a London Paper—War Between Prance and China Certain.

Tuesday's Chilean Vintage—Terrible Railroad Accident in England—Other Intelligence.

A CONSPIRACY.

Two prisoners at once now accused sensational disclosures.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—A few days ago this cable says: Despite the strenuous efforts of the Chinese authorities to suppress the facts, it is evident that there is a substantial basis for the general belief that a desperate effort was made to murder the Emperor and other high personages at the Coronation of the Lamaist movement in the Fishermen's last September. The first rule of the mysterious power which the authority, why was compelling the ceremonial approaches to the succession this spring found a small quantity of dynamite concealed in a flower-pot. The discovery produced a great sensation, and a Government subscription, consisting of military officers and engineers, was appointed to investigate. From time to time frequently reports of the discoveries leaked out, notwithstanding the efforts made to keep their proceedings secret, and it became known that they had traced clews of a series of conspiracies directly under the ruling personal to the Emperor, though might have drawn the entire foreign population, but the Government authors that the matter had been arranged by a heavy subsidy.

ARREST OF TWO CONSPIRATORS.

These revelations were followed by the arrest of a number of prominent conspirators, who were then examined before the commissioners and then imprisoned at Shotgun. The most arrested the gentlemen, and it ranged somewhat in the ascending to their fate. Consequently, when the official report of the commission was made and the newspapers sought to have an account they were officially informed that the commission had failed to find any evidence of a conspiracy, and were told that no information beyond that statement would be given to the public. The Emperor, however, managed to retain the author of a confession made by one of the alleged conspirators imprisoned at Shotgun, and pressed it to a matter of note. This provided a fund more than ample, enough with no intention that the public prosecution at Seoul was making to address with a view of arresting and executing those who were engaged in circulating the subscription to distract the public mind. Special attention was made to the reports of attempts upon the Emperor's life at Soul, of which, at Shotgun, and in the Provinces.

THE PLOTS.

The fresh charges regarded with much alarm by the keeping on a challenge, and set to work to verify and complete the report of the commission. It has just published the results of these investigations, which show that the chief conspirator-in-chief at Shotgun was the ambassador named Sengwick and Kwanlien. The two who had succeeded in Sengwick, and in the conference he actually Hang-hsu a well-connected girl, Hang-hsu for whom the sovereign of all Europe by a wholesale murder, of which the Emperor, the Queen Dowager, Kwanglu, and others of the distinguished assemblage appeared to be present when during the ceremony. The chief agent in the conspiracy, he says, was Kwanlien, and Hang-hsu and their accomplices, it is a long time which would seem to be that Yuan, with the full knowledge and cooperation of Jung-lu (or in connection with more than others. The only reason that the explosive did not explode, according to Sengwick's sworn statement, was that he himself became overcome with fear at the last moment and secretly put the fuse which was meant to do the work. This statement perfectly confirms the reports published during the absence of the commissioners up to the arrest of Sengwick's confessing at the bottom of the explosive. On the point the evidence as to the procedure of the Empress by the Viceroy of the seven ocean has given to the punishment, and the ingenious explanation of Sengwick, which was obviously made with a view of saving his own neck, is received with great incredulity.

STARVATION AMONG MINERS.

Pinched Out of a Common Asylum.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—A Sheffield dispatch says:

A Washington letter to the Boston Post declares that the statement that Secretary Gresham is going to give up the Secret Service Bureau is false. He has no such intention, and will keep the bureau where it is.

A Toronto child's health continues good. Its hair has been frequently cut before and the growth is the same. The scissors is good, the operation is not to be repeated.

Dr. Gaillard, an ocean officer, says fish eaten by the Americans in port were in the best condition. The Chinese are said to be the best authority for the question. San Francisco dispatches from Yokohama announce the appointment of Admiral Bunting to the Asiatic station, and that Admiral Kimberly will succeed Admiral Benham and Hamilton. The two who had succeeded in Sengwick, and in the conference he actually Hang-hsu a well-connected girl, Hang-hsu for whom the sovereign of all Europe by a wholesale murder, of which the Emperor, the Queen Dowager, Kwanglu, and others of the distinguished assemblage appeared to be present when during the ceremony. The chief agent in the conspiracy, he says, was Kwanlien, and Hang-hsu and their accomplices, it is a long time which would seem to be that Yuan, with the full knowledge and cooperation of Jung-lu (or in connection with more than others. The only reason that the explosive did not explode, according to Sengwick's sworn statement, was that he himself became overcome with fear at the last moment and secretly put the fuse which was meant to do the work. This statement perfectly confirms the reports published during the absence of the commissioners up to the arrest of Sengwick's confessing at the bottom of the explosive. On the point the evidence as to the procedure of the Empress by the Viceroy of the seven ocean has given to the punishment, and the ingenious explanation of Sengwick, which was obviously made with a view of saving his own neck, is received with great incredulity.

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New York, July 10.—[Special.]—A Sheffield dispatch says:

A New York correspondent says: "There are many in New York in spite of the hardest times who are trying to improve the time by reading and studying. Many of these workers are now preparing for the examination of Mott Haven High School, which will be held in September next. Many of the pupils that pass the high school examination will be entered in the "Regents" of the pupils that pass the high school examination will be entered in the "Regents" of the State University, which is now in session at Albany. The examinations for admission to the University are held in September next. The examinations for admission to the University are held in September next. The examinations for admission to the University are held in September next

CAMP FULLER.

Gen. Hamilton's Arrival on the Transfield—His Reception by the Militia.

Quiet Along the Lagoons from Saturday and Sabbath Among the Soldiery.

THE WEATHER.

CATHOLIC CELEBRATION.

ALL ABOUT A WOMAN.

BRIDGING DARKNESS.

ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY.

HER HUSBAND'S CORPSE.

A Wisconsin Woman's Passionate Search, Which Led Her to a Chicago Medical College.

Found Dead in Lonely Park and Turned Over to the Chicago Physicians.

WHAT AND WHO IS SIN?

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Serious Lowering the Smoking Valley Mines.

THE FARM.

FEMALE PHYSICIANS.

MILWAUKEE MATTERS.

The Milwaukee Fishing Tigerous Hopes to Destroy All Caribbean Favorable to Claims.

The Lake Michigan Rain-Dry Going Be-Hind—Business Back Setting—Other Items.

Clearing the City.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 16.—[Special.]—The Milwaukee fish authorities have taken to getting rid of their herrings in the sewer of the city, and are now making a clean sweep of the whole fish question. The city is now rid of all fishes except the Milwaukee fish, and the latter are to be driven out of the city limits. The great number of arrests of people of the middle classes from fish for not having licenses has put the authorities in their power, and they have begun their work of driving the fishes out of the city. Commissioner Harris [illegible] the order, and has given notice that he will enforce it to the letter. The fishermen have been given the choice of leaving the city or going to the penitentiary.

Although it is not safe to venture in the water during the present season, it is of the utmost importance that such measures should be adopted as will be conducive to the general public good. The water is being made foul by the refuse of the Board of Public Works and the fishermen. The [illegible] of the Board of Public Works and the fishermen. The [illegible] of the Board of Public Works and the fishermen. The [illegible]

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Ulysses Gibby, Rochester, N. Y., is at the Pacific.

C. H. Gibson, New Orleans, is at the Palmer.

William Baumgarten, New York, is at the Palmer.

Miss Kate Field, Salt Lake City, is at the Palmer.

Judge John M. Thurston, Omaha, is at the Palmer.

C. A. Eldridge, Fond du Lac, Wis., is at the Grand.

Maj. J. F. Gaits, U. S. A., Texas, is at the Sherman.

The Rev. C. B. Cook, Louisville, Ky., is at the Leland.

The Rev. W. E. Curtis, Janesville, Ill., is at the Sherman.

Gen. O. C. Rogers, of Dundee, Ill., formerly of Chicago, is at the Palmer.

Mr. A. J. Snell, of Chicago, called by the illness of his wife July 4 for Europe, is at present gone no further.

IN GENERAL.

The City Collector is having summonses for assessments sent out where they have not paid their taxes.

The weather grumbers met last night. Judge Irving, having been elected President of the Natural Association, declared his congratulations on Providence of the most unpromising. [illegible] and Edward Baggot closed the entertainment.

T. J. Dolan and others, accused of defrauding a brewer out of $1,000 by means of a forged order, were discharged yesterday, the complainant, after subpœnaing witnesses, failing to appear, and appearing against them at the time set for trial.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Barnard, optician (Tribune Building), was as follows: 6 a. m., 67° above zero; 9 a. m., 67°; noon, 68°; 3 p. m., 68°; 6 p. m., 67°; 9 p. m., 67°; Barometer, 6 a. m., 30.31; 3 p. m., 30.31.

At the time for regular councils has arrived Mr. John A. Hoard, the well-known lumberman, has already taken the first step for the construction of a monument to Lincoln Park during a week. He will present the bill to prominent citizens as usual, and no doubt at once their good generosity provides him with the means for furnishing great assets to that favored pleasure-resort.

Treasury Inspectors Price Shaw and Henry C. Davis have been transferred to similar positions in St. Paul. Shaw will be an inspector, and he will have charge, as he does here, of the [illegible] Davis will be an inspector, and he will have charge of the [illegible] Special Inspector Davis has discriminated and he is credited in reports to the Special Agent of the Department in Washington in securing the records of the city.

A secret meeting of the representatives of the Grand Lodges of the Free Illinois Masons was held yesterday afternoon. The informal [illegible] a concerted plan for [illegible] from [illegible] Lake Lodge, Wisconsin, Grand Master [illegible] Lieutenant, Assistants, and Grand and Worshipful Masters, to be invited to [illegible] Masonic Temple, Chicago, on the 24th of August, to be entertained at [illegible] and to be [illegible] September.

Additional names to have overtaken the great Shoshone, a vessel arrived from Germany, who is a prisoner on the Custom [illegible] a few weeks ago to hold a public sale, but he has been detained out of custody on the charge of New York, and when he came to Chicago he sought a similar trade, and according to the police, was also arrested on a charge of [illegible] pending. His friends have sought to [illegible] Collector Cole, today, and it is known he will be sent to an asylum.

The sale of the lots for the Isle Saturday afternoon at Ogden's Grove Sunday, July 31, on the occasion of the Union assembly and the Knights of Labor picnic. It is expected from the enjoyment of various social improvements of the day that 10,000 people will be present. The line of march will be as follows: Secretary of the West Division road, Marshal in Chief; Chicago Avenue, Marshal in Chief; Chicago avenue, Chicago avenue to Wells street, Wells to Division, Division to Ogden's grove and the grove.

The Medico-Chirurgical [illegible] Dr. Reynolds [illegible] a paper [illegible] Dr. Reynolds has been [illegible] Dr. Reynolds [illegible] Dr. Reynolds [illegible] Dr. Reynolds

POLITICS IN CHICAGO.

NORTHWEST NEWS.

LAKE MARINE.

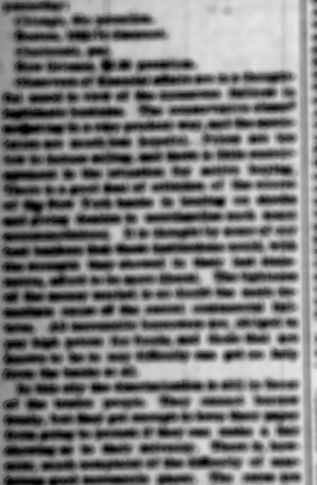
BUSINESS.

A Dull and Steady New York Bank Statement—Another Day of Domestic Failures.

The Produce Markets Lose Active, and Generally Strong, After a Morning Decline.

A Gain Stopping Demand for Corn, and Stocks Running Low.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.



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Subscriptions for the Issue of Next Month.

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

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BOARD AND LODGING.

FURNITURE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOTELS.

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CITY AGENCIES—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

FINANCIAL.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

CITY AGENCIES—MALE.

CITY AGENCIES—FEMALE.

FINANCIAL.

BOARD WANTED.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—STORES AND OFFICES, &c.

WANTED TO RENT.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALES.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALES.

JOHN HAY FOR BLAINE.

The Assistant Secretary of State Under Hayes Out for the Present Knight.

A Year Hence the Shoulders of Blaine Will Be Shaking for Their Just Work.

Republicans Have the Same Advantages in Their Candidates as in the Record of the Party.

Cleveland Leader, July 16. The following letter from Col. John Hay to the Blaine and Logan Club of the Fifth Ward is self-explanatory:

CLEVELAND, O., July 14.—GENTLEMEN: I am informed that in my absence you did me the honor to elect me President of the Fifth Ward Blaine and Logan Club. It is more to my purpose to attend your meetings regularly. I should do well with practicable. The position you offer me. But I shall be compelled to be absent from the city so much this summer that I do not feel qualified to undertake the honor of an office the duties of which I should not be able to fill. Otherwise. If I had been present at your last meeting I should have proposed the name of Mr. George W. Gardner, an Assistant of the ward, and I hope you will not consider it premature if I do it now.

GENERAL OR THE WARD.

No man in the ward, or in the State, feels a deeper interest than I do in the success of this campaign, and while I could deep down in my heart of hearts [illegible] I would have you understand that the success of the Republican party is sealed. Its chances are brilliant, and that is no longer the any success for today. If this were true it would have the saddest effect upon every man interested in this work. But it is not true. We cannot yet accept that calm self-confidence as the measure of our strength. Even as we are the achievements of our party glorious for Republicans and evidence of the record it, it has not yet done everything for which it was called into being. It is now a few years the Union from a Democratic majority, a few thousand strong, to two hundred and conquered the Democratic forces of opposition. A full control against Democratic opposition the public credit of a great nation composed of an equal part of the Union [illegible] has prospered the most and on the whole wisely, and will for a number of years to come, have the ability to [illegible] of a country, [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]